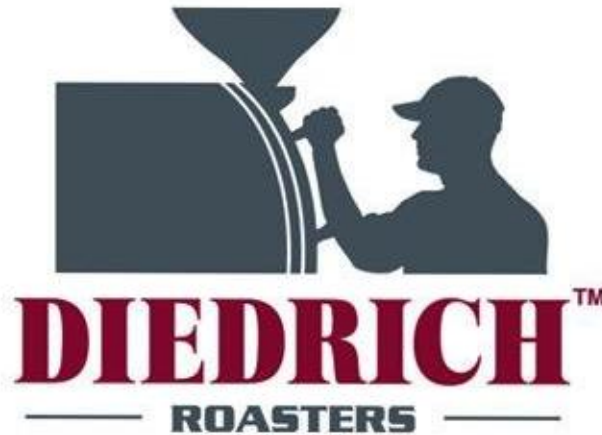


COFFEE MATES

ROASTER FILTRATION SYSTEM

Sponsored by:



Team Members: Adam Niemet, William Overstreet, Patrick Paulus, and Samantha Peters

Advisors: Dr. Steven Beyerlein, Melissa Bogert

DESIGN REVIEW SLIDES

PROBLEM STATEMENT

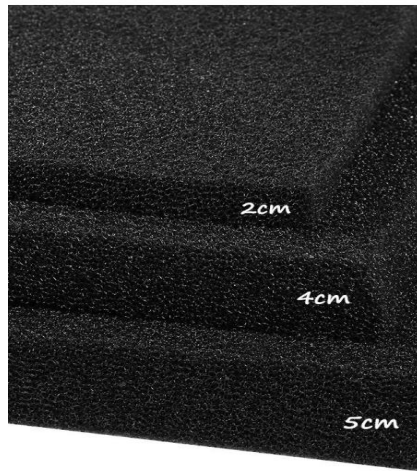
Coffee roasting releases smoke, particulate and unfriendly odors. Current air treatment systems that mitigate these emissions are typically expensive and excessive for small-scale roasters. Diedrich Roasters, our client, desires an affordable alternative for these smaller operations to allow small-scale roasters to be good neighbors.



DESIGN SPECIFICATIONS

Specifications	Constraints	Deliverables
Standalone system	Dimensions: 4x4x6 ft	Innovative design
95%smoke reduction	Backpressure:-.15 - .25 inH20	Marketable product
Odor removal	Material Cost: < \$3300	3D model and drawing package
40-hr minor/6-year major maintenance interval minimum	Weight: < 1000 lbs	Operable proof-of-concept
Indefinite operational lifespan	Sustained operation at 450 °F intake temperature	Measurement equipment to quantify smoke attenuation





WET SCRUBBER

- Very effective at removing substantial amounts of particulates in an exhaust stream.
- Cools exhaust gases allowing for efficient implementation of electrostatic post-treatment.
- Smoke abatement specific nozzles.
- Filtration of large particles through

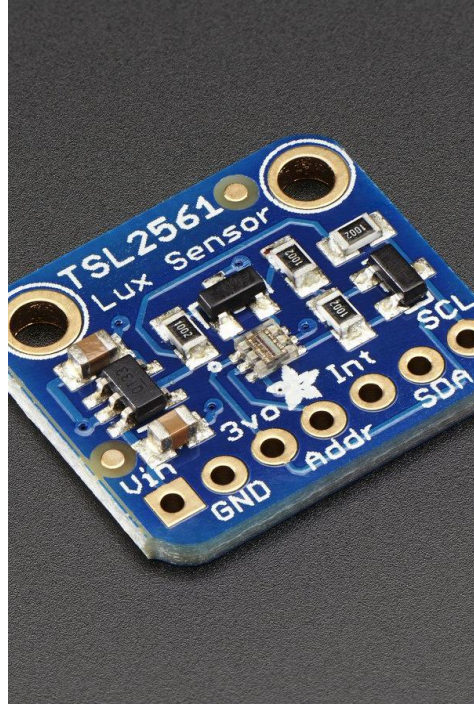




Creation of a
system that
allows for
simulation of
smoke conditions
present in various
roasters

SMOKE GENERATOR





SENSOR

Smoke Meter

Measures light using a lux sensor – will determine how much light is present



COMPLICATIONS

Wastewater removal

- Filter generates liquid waste that must be accounted for
- Solution: additional line to septic or to waste storage container

Packaging

- Filtration package must be clean for display purposes on "show" roasters

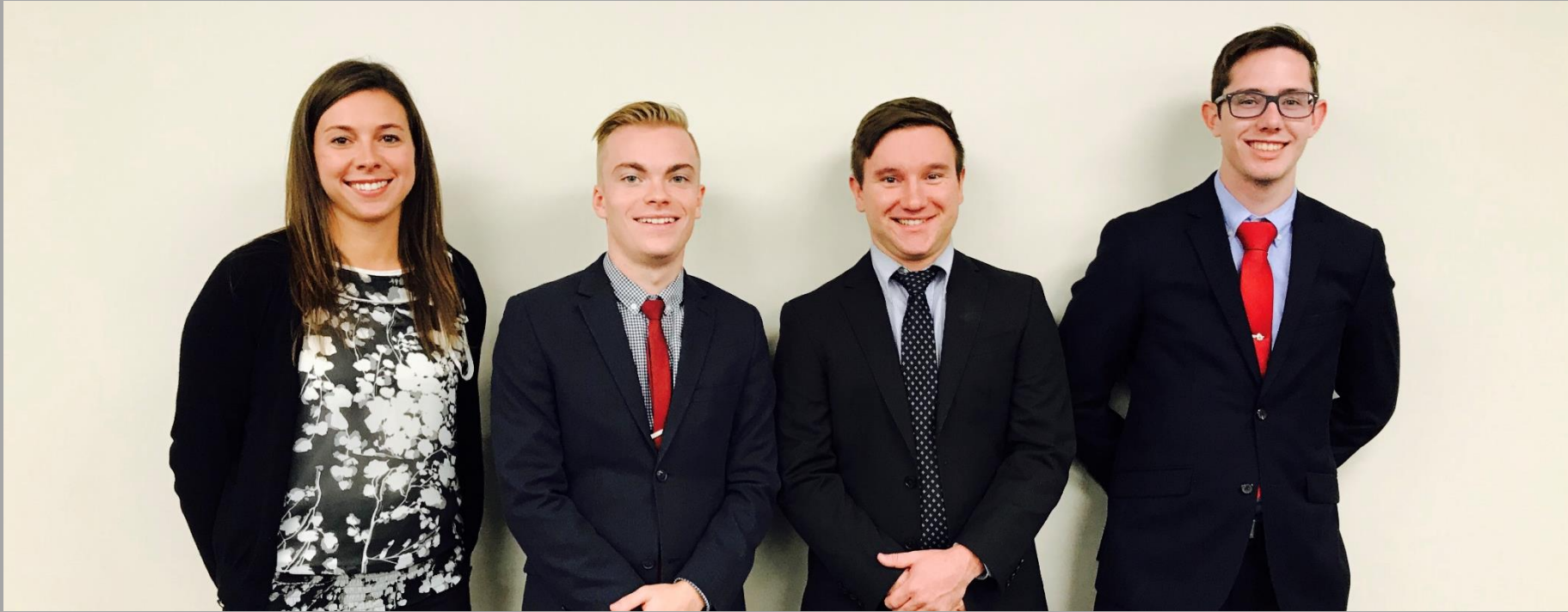
PROJECT SCHEDULE

- Procedural testing completion – March 31
- Finalized prototype design – April 15
- Design EXPO - April 28





SMOKE GENERATION



Coffee Mates Roaster Filtration System

Team Members: Adam Niemet, William Overstreet, Patrick Paulus, and Samantha Peters

Advisor: Dr. Steven Beyerlein

Mentor: Melissa Bogert





Problem Statement

Coffee Roasting

- Smoke emissions
- Unfriendly odors

Goal

- ‘good neighbor’
- Reduce noticeable emissions by 95%



Design Specifications

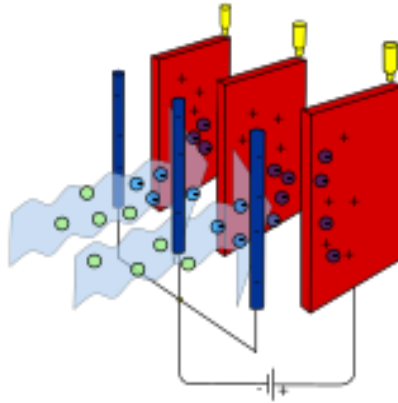
Specifications	Constraints	Deliverables
Standalone system	Dimensions: 4x4x6 ft	Innovative design
95%smoke reduction	Backpressure: -.15 - .25 inH2O	Portfolio and report
Odor removal	Material Cost: < \$3300	3D model and drawing package
40-hr minor/6-year major maintenance interval minimum	Weight: < 1000 lbs	Operable proof-of-concept
Indefinite operational lifespan	Sustained operation at 450 °F intake temperature	Measurement equipment to quantify smoke attenuation

Alternative Concepts

- Thermal Oxidizer



- Electrostatic Precipitator

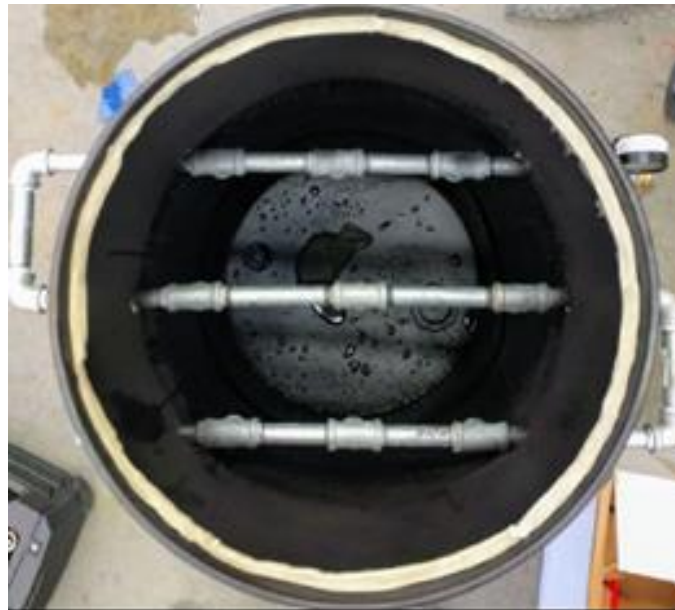
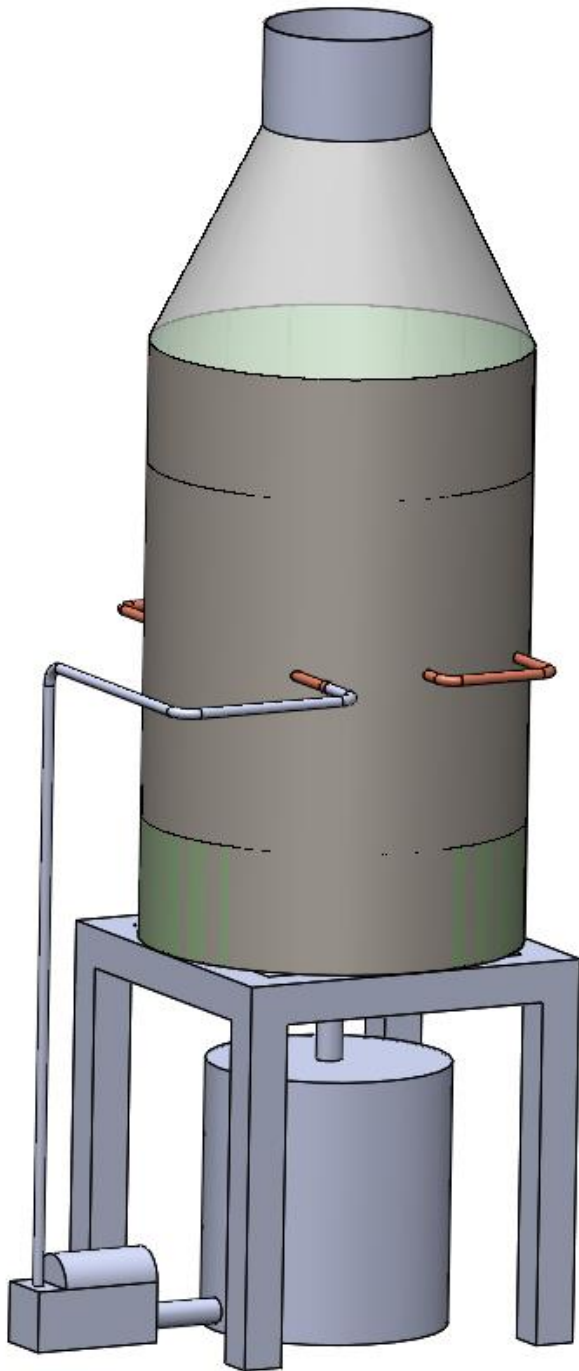


- Electrostatic Filter



Wet Scrubber

- 9 high-pressure water injectors
- Recirculation pump with water filtration



SYSTEM DESIGN

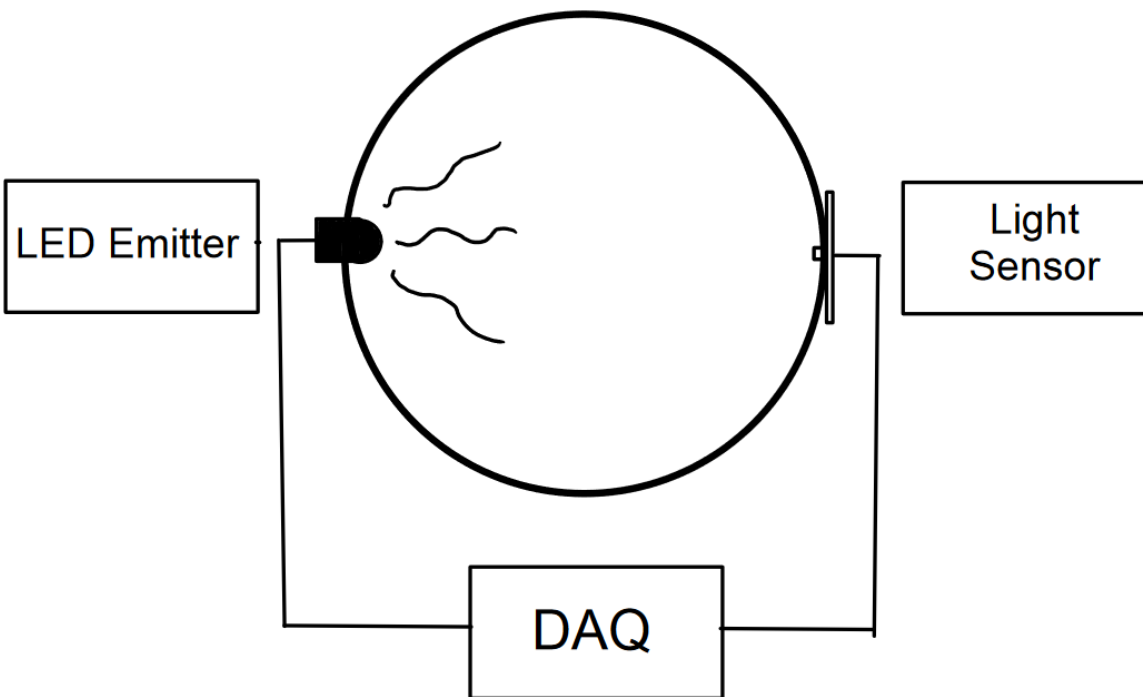




COMPONENTS

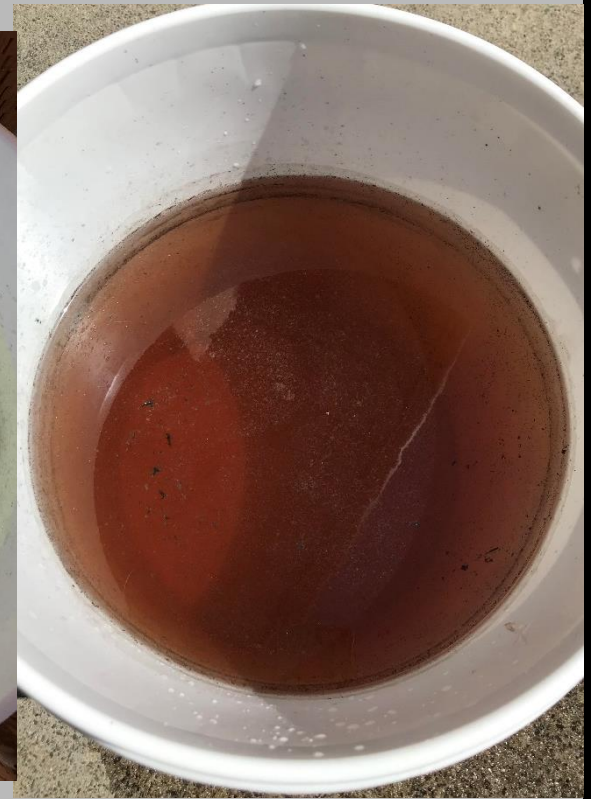


TESTING





Before Test



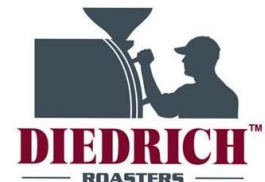
After 5 Minutes

TEST RESULTS



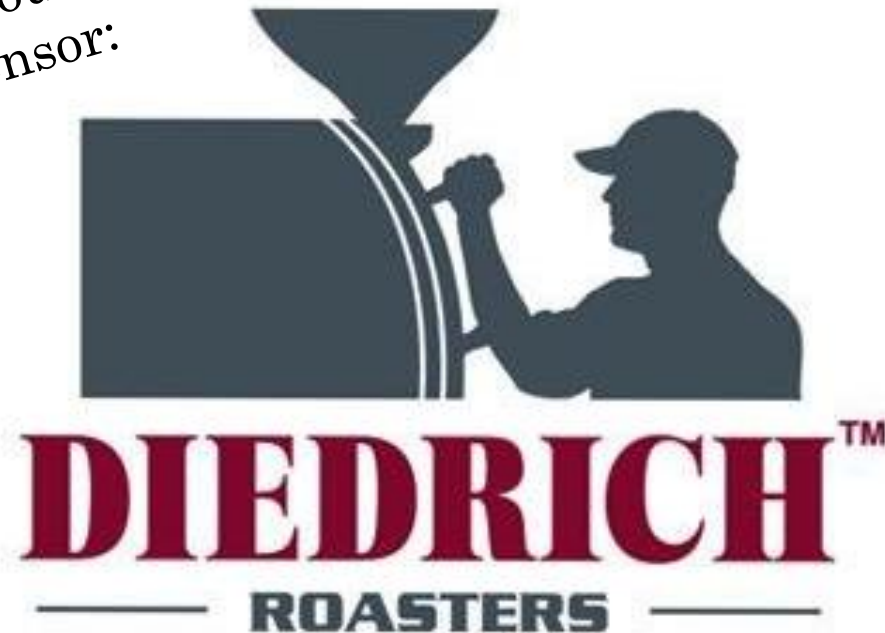
Recommended Future Work

- Larger-diameter nozzles
- Specified pump
- Unified scrubber casing
 - Proper hosing and connector selection
 - Corrosion-resistant materials
- Testing with coffee roaster
- Improved testing procedures and equipment



Questions?

Thank you to our
sponsor:



DFMEA

System: Coffee Roaster Filtration System				Prepared by: Patrick Paulus, Samantha Peters					
Design Team: Diedrich Roasters				DFMEA Date: 2/13/2018					
Team Members: Adam Niemet, William Overstreet, Patrick Paulus, Samantha Peters				Revision Date: 4/16/2018					
Item/Function	Potential Failure Mode	Potential Effect(s) of Failure	SEV	Potential Failure causes/mechanisms	OCC	Current Design/Process Controls	DET	RPN	Recommended Action(s)
Nozzle: Particulate trapping, temperature reduction	Uneven spray	Reduced smoke abatement	2	Contaminants in recirculation loop	3	Use chemical cleaner on nozzles	3	18	Higher pressure, add cleaner to water
Scrubber casing	Seal leak	Excess smoke release	1	Use, high temperature/pressure	2	Add more sealant	1	2	Implement unified housing
	No airflow	Damage to internal components	3	Excess backpressure, objects in exhaust path	1	Visual inspection prior to test	1	3	n/a
Exhaust fan: Push air from roaster to scrubber	Fan overheat	Damage to internal components	4	Excess roasting temperature/time, current overdraw	1	Limite constant operation time, regulate temperature	3	12	Implement temperature measurements
Opacity meter: Measure smoke levels	Sensor power loss	Poor smoke measurements	2	Sensor overheating, improper wiring	2	Regulate temperature	2	8	Improve sensor robustness
Sponge filter: Absorb large particulate	Inadequate porosity	Scrubber water pooling, insufficient water to pump	2	Filter overuse	1	Use new filter	3	6	Check filter once per week
Recirculation loop	Insufficient water to pump	Cavitation/damage to pump	4	Water leaks, evaporation, insufficient water in reservoir	1	Fill reservoir before tests	5	20	Implement water replacement/check schedule
	Water leakage	Eventual loss of water; system pressure loss	2	Improperly connected fittings	3	Check fittings regularly	1	6	Use proper hose and fittings
Recirculation pump	Insufficient water pressure	Reduced smoke abatement	5	Insufficient power to pump/pump size	1	High-powered pump	2	10	Model pump for specifications
	Excessive water pressure	Damage to recirculation loop	4	Overpowered pump, regulator failure	1	None	2	8	Model pump for specifications
Smoke generator: Simulate roaster output	No smoke in flow	Poor smoke measurements	1	Flameout in smoke generator	3	Visual inspection during test	1	3	Use a real coffee roaster
	Flames in generator	Damage to internal components	4	Excess heat to pellets	3	Reduce heat/oxygen	1	12	Use a real coffee roaster